

AREA of A Circle

Given a radius.

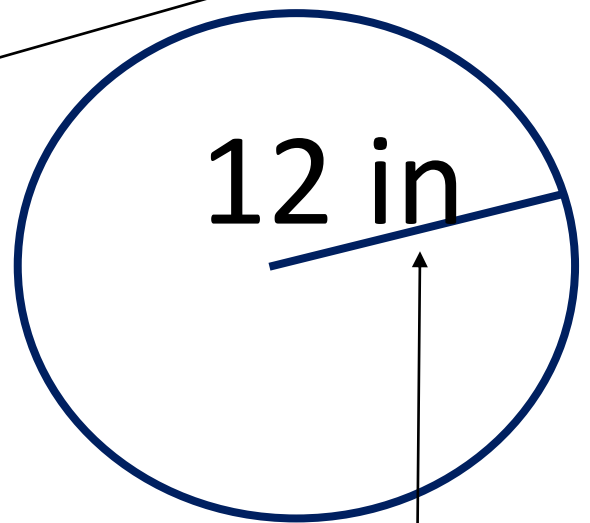
$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$A = 3.14 (\text{Radius}^2)$$

$$A = 3.14 (12^2)$$

$$A = 3.14 (144)$$

$$A = 452.16 \text{ in}^2$$



This is a **radius**. It is from the center of the circle to the outside of the circle.

AREA of A Circle

Given a diameter.

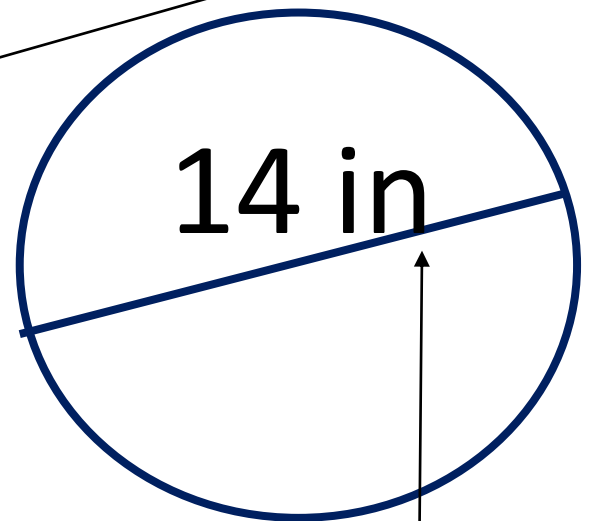
$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$A = 3.14 (\text{Radius}^2)$$

$$A = 3.14 (7^2)$$

$$A = 3.14 (49)$$

$$A = 153.86 \text{ in}^2$$



This is a **diameter**. You must divide this by 2 in order to get the **radius** you need. So, $14 \div 2 = 7$. So, your **radius** is 7, not 14.

Circumference

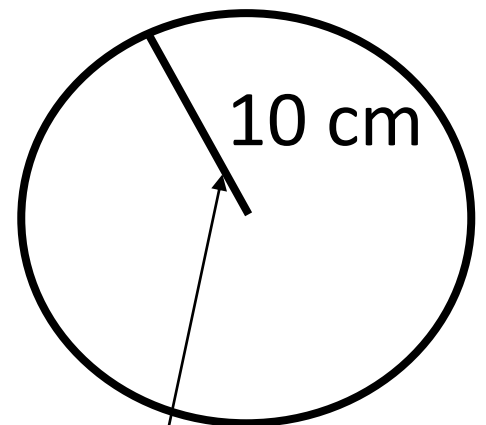
Given a radius.

$$C = 2\pi r$$

$$C = 2 (3.14) (\text{radius})$$

$$C = 2 (3.14) (10)$$

$$C = 62.8 \text{ cm}$$



This is a **radius**. It is from the center of the circle to the outside of the circle.

Circumference

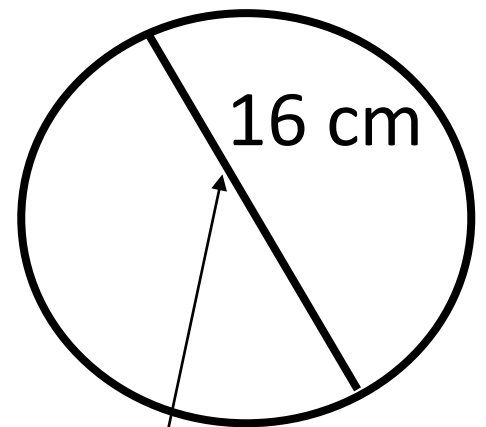
Given a diameter.

$$C = \pi d$$

$$C = (3.14)(\text{diameter})$$

$$C = (3.14)(16)$$

$$C = 50.24 \text{ cm}$$



This is a **diameter**. It goes from one side of the circle to the other, through the