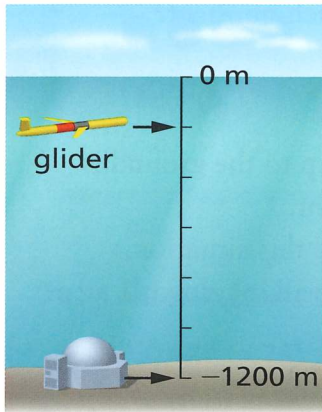


# Lesson M

# Dividing Integers Using Patterns

## YOU WILL NEED

- a number line
- pencil crayons
- number line app (optional)



research station

## LEARNING GOAL

Model integer division with number patterns.

## LEARN ABOUT the Math

The depth of an underwater research station in Clayoquot Sound is  $-1200$  m. This is 6 times as deep as an undersea glider that is collecting data about whales nearby.



**What integer shows the depth of the glider?**

### Example 1

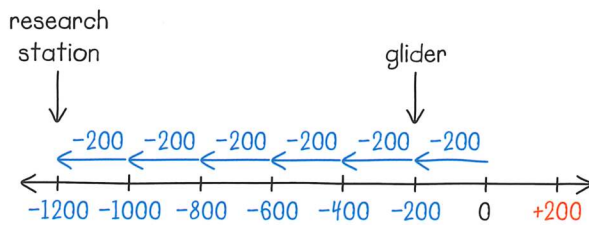
### Using a number line

Use repeated addition on a number line to model the depth.



### Nestor's Solution

$$(-1200) \div (+6) = (\square 200)$$



$(+6) \times (-200) = (-1200)$ , so  $(-1200) \div (+6) = (-200)$ .  
The depth of the glider is  $-200$  m.

$-1200$  is 6 times as deep as the glider.

I divided  $-1200$  m by  $+6$  to get the depth of the glider.

$1200 \div 6 = 200$ , so the depth is either  $+200$  m or  $-200$  m.

I drew a number line and put the research station at  $-1200$ .

I started at 0 and thought about what I would add 6 times to get to  $-1200$ .

I would add  $-200$ , not  $+200$ , so the sign of the quotient is negative.



## Example 2 | Using a pattern

Use a multiplication pattern to determine the depth.

### Megan's Solution

$$(-1200) \div (+6) = (-200)$$

$$(+200) \times (+6) = (+1200)$$

↑

$$(+2) \times (+6) = (+12)$$

$$(+1) \times (+6) = (+6)$$

$$0 \times (+6) = 0$$

$$(-1) \times (+6) = (-6)$$

$$(-2) \times (+6) = (-12)$$

↓

$$(-200) \times (+6) = (-1200)$$

The depth of the glider is  $-200$  m.

$1200 \div 6 = 200$ , so the depth of the glider is either  $+200$  m or  $-200$  m.

I chose  $-200$  m because the glider is below sea level at  $0$  m.

I know *glider depth*  $\times 6 =$  *station depth*.

I used a multiplication pattern to check that the quotient is negative. I built a  $\times (+6)$  pattern up and down from  $0$  m.

I could see that the depth of the station would be at  $-1200$  m when the depth of the glider was  $-200$  m.

### Reflecting

- How did thinking about multiplication help each student divide?
- How does Megan's pattern explain why the quotients for  $(+1200) \div (+6)$  and  $(-1200) \div (+6)$  have opposite signs?

## WORK WITH the Math

### Example 3 | Dividing integers with different signs

Calculate  $(+24) \div (-8)$ .

### Solution

*quotient*  $\times$  *divisor* = *dividend*

I know you can multiply the quotient by the divisor to get the dividend.



$$0 \times (-8) = 0$$

$$(-1) \times (-8) = (+8)$$

$$(-2) \times (-8) = (+16)$$

$$(-3) \times (-8) = (+24)$$

$$(+24) \div (-8) = (-3)$$

Think about what to multiply  $(-8)$  by to get  $(+24)$ .

Build a pattern from  $0 \times (-8)$ . Extend the pattern until the product is  $(+24)$ .

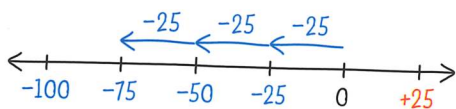
Rewrite the multiplication as *dividend*  $\div$  *divisor* = *quotient*.

### Example 4 | Dividing 2 negative integers

Calculate  $(-75) \div (-25)$ .

#### Solution

$$(-75) \div (-25) = (+3)$$



Use  $75 \div 25$  to determine the number part of the quotient.

Use a number line to show  $(-75) \div (-25)$ . Start at 0 and add  $-25$  each time until you get to  $-75$ .

Since  $-25$  was added 3 times,  
 $(-75) \div (-25) = (+3)$ .

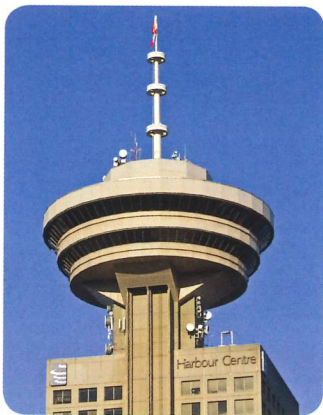
#### A Checking

- Calculate. How did you determine the sign of the quotient?
  - $(-48) \div (+8)$
  - $(-28) \div (-2)$
  - $(+54) \div (-6)$
  - $0 \div (-5)$
- What sign will each quotient have? Give an example.
  - How can comparing the signs of the integers you are dividing help you choose the correct sign for the quotient?

$$\begin{array}{l} (+) \div (+) \\ (-) \div (+) \\ (+) \div (-) \\ (-) \div (-) \end{array}$$

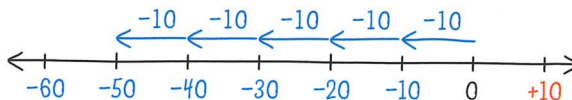
#### B Practising

- Calculate. Choose 1 division, and explain how you calculated.
  - $(+14) \div (-2)$
  - $(-16) \div (+8)$
  - $(-27) \div (+9)$
  - $(-18) \div (-3)$



Ashley's question:  
 $6 \div 2$  can mean  
 subtracting 2 from 6  
 over and over.  
 Does integer division  
 work the same way?

4. Write a multiplication equation to match the number line. Then write a division equation.



5. The change in elevation from the top to the bottom of this fountain is  $-210$  cm. What is the change for each step?
6. What signs are possible? With a partner, discuss how you can prove that you found all the possibilities.
- a)  $(-36) \div (\square 3) = (\square 12)$       c)  $(\square 42) \div (-7) = (\square 6)$   
 b)  $(\square 81) \div (\square 9) = (+9)$       d)  $(+23) \div (\square 1) = (\square 23)$
7. a) What are all the ways to complete  $(-12) \div \square = \square$  with integers?  
 b) How do you know that you found all the combinations?  
 c) Does  $+12$  have the same number of combinations? Discuss your answer with a partner. Make a list to check.
8. The glass elevator on the Vancouver Lookout has a total descent of about  $-160$  m. It travels about  $-4$  m every second. How long does it take to reach the ground?
9. What integers fit each clue?  
 a) I am a multiple of  $+4$  and  $-5$ . I am a positive integer.  
 b) I am a factor of  $-10$ . I am also a multiple of  $+2$ . I am a negative integer.
10. Create a clue about an integer. Trade clues with a partner. Identify your partner's integer, and explain your reasoning. Do you agree with your partner's explanation?
11. How would you answer Ashley's question? Compare answers with a partner.
12. Is each statement true or false? Use examples to explain.  
 a) When integers have the same sign, their quotient is positive.  
 b) The quotient of 2 integers can equal the dividend.  
 c) The dividend is always greater than the divisor and quotient.  
 d) The dividend always equals  $quotient \times divisor$ .