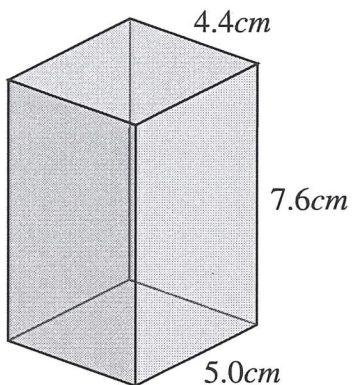


S.A.  $2(HL + LW + WH)$  Vol  $L \times W \times H$

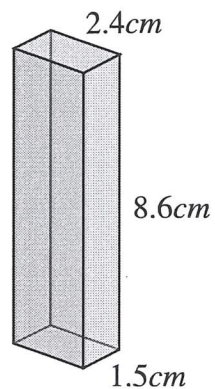
## Volume and surface area of prisms (B)

Find the volume and surface area of each prism.



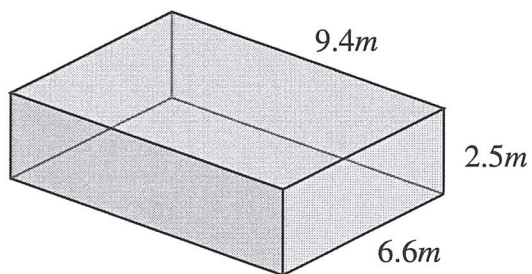
V: \_\_\_\_\_

SA: \_\_\_\_\_



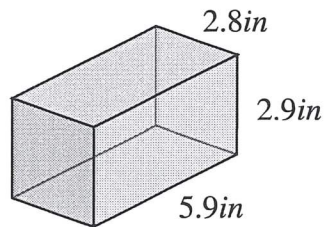
V: \_\_\_\_\_

SA: \_\_\_\_\_



V: \_\_\_\_\_

SA: \_\_\_\_\_



V: \_\_\_\_\_

SA: \_\_\_\_\_

S.A.  $bH + L(a+b+c)$  Vol:  $\frac{1}{2}bLh$

## Triangular Prisms (B)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

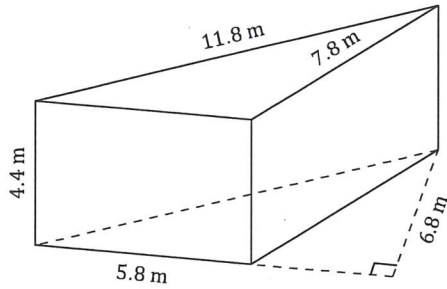
Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Calculate the volume and surface area of each triangular prism.

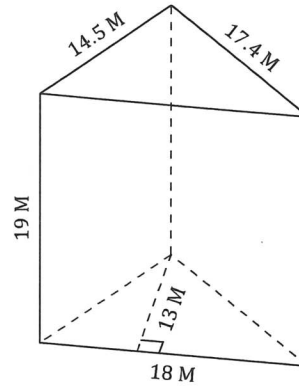
Volume is equal to the Area of the Base  $\times$  the Prism Length =  $0.5 \times b \times h \times l$

Surface Area is equal to the Perimeter of the Base  $\times$  the Prism Length + Twice the Area of the Base =  $(P \times l) + (b \times h)$

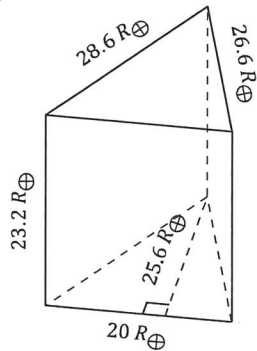
1.



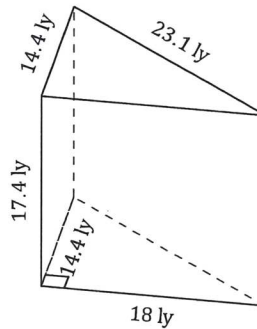
2.



3.



4.

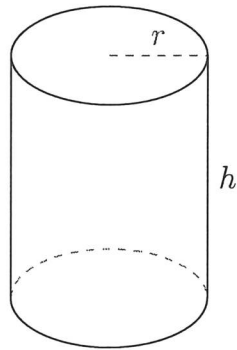


## Area and Volume of Cylinders (B)

Calculate the surface area and volume for each cylinder.

$$\text{Surface Area} = (\pi r^2 \times 2) + (\pi d \times h) \quad \text{Volume} = \pi r^2 \times h \quad d = 2r$$

1.

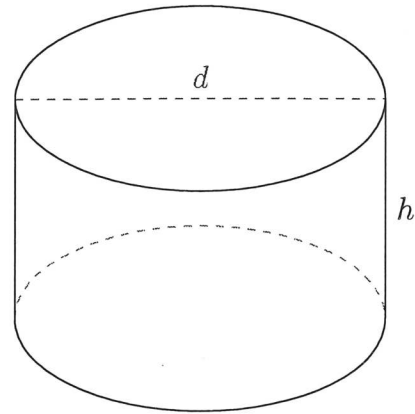


$$r = 1.3 \text{ AU} \quad h = 3.2 \text{ AU}$$

Surface Area =

Volume =

2.

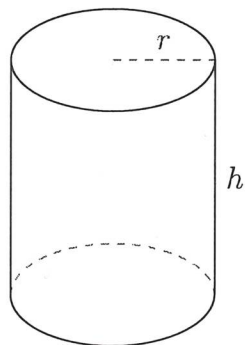


$$d = 4.9 \text{ yd} \quad h = 2.9 \text{ yd}$$

Surface Area =

Volume =

3.

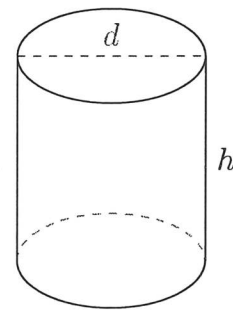


$$r = 1.35 \text{ yd} \quad h = 3.1 \text{ yd}$$

Surface Area =

Volume =

4.



$$d = 2.5 \text{ in} \quad h = 2.7 \text{ in}$$

Surface Area =

Volume =